PUBLIC SHELTERS:

Public evacuation shelters will be initially prepared and equipped to provide evacuees "refuge only" from wind, wave, or flooding conditions. Shelters are not equipped with provisions such as food, cots, blankets, special medications, or other amenities. Evacuees, therefore, must assemble "survival kits" and bring the kits with them to the shelter to assure a nominal level of comfort.

SHELTER-IN-PLACE

In the event evacuation is not feasible, individuals should stay where they are and shelter-in-place. Those in multiple story buildings of heavy concrete and steel construction located at least 300 feet from the shoreline should move to the third floor or above in their building's enclosed rooms, hallways, or stairwells that have load bearing walls. Such areas offer protection as good as that provided in public evacuation shelters. All personnel should maintain a personal survival kit in their workspace. Although it is not feasible to store all supplies listed in the "Recommended Survival kit list" below, food, water and First Aid kits should be priority.

Recommended "Survival kit":

Ш	Several gallons of water
	Portable radio
	Cell phone with charged battery
	Flashlights/candles/matches
	Extra Batteries
	First aid kit
	Non-perishable food (for 5 days)
	Non-electric can opener.
	Sleeping bags/blankets/air mattresses.
	Special medications
	Masking or duct tape, rope and scissors
	Utility knife
	Sheets of plastic
	Plenty of towels and rags
	Disposable utensils and dinnerware
	Several bags of ice, stored in a cooler
	Portable stove
	Battery powered clock
	Books and games for entertainment
	Extra clothes
	Personal hygiene/sanitary supplies

□ Toilet articles

WEATHER LINKS

Oahu Civil Defense:

http://www.co.honolulu.hi.us/ocda/

Hawaii State Civil Defense:

http://www.scd.state.hi.us

Naval Pacific and Oceanography center Meteorology:

http://www.npmoc.navy.mil/

NOAA National Weather Service:

http://www.nws.noaa.gov/

NOAA National Weather Service (Honolulu, HI):

http://www.prh.noaa.gov/hnl/

Pacific Tsunami Weather Center (PTWC):

http://www.prh.noaa.gov/ptwc/

Pacific Disaster Center:

http://www.pdc.org

EMERGENCY PLANNING RESOURCES

Oahu TSUNAMI & HURRICANE SHELTERS

http://www.honolulu.gov/ocda/shelter.htm

Office of Personnel Management (OPM):

http://www.opm.gov/emergency

Homeland Security:

http://www.ready.gov

Centers for Disease Control (CDC):

http://www.bt.cdc.gov

Department of Education Emergency Preparedness

http://www.ed.gov/emergencvplan/

Red Cross Disaster Services:

http://www.redcross.org/services/disaster/

Family Disaster Planning:

http://www.redcross.org/serv:ices/disaster/beprepared/fa

milyplan.html

FEMA General Preparedness:

http://www.fema.gov/library/prepandprev.shtm

Emergency Preparedness Checklist:

http://www.fema.gov/rrr/emprep.shtm

"Are You Ready?" Guide and FEMA's

Disaster Supply Kit:

http://www.fema.gov/arevoureadv/

Environmental Protection Agency:

http://www.epa.gov

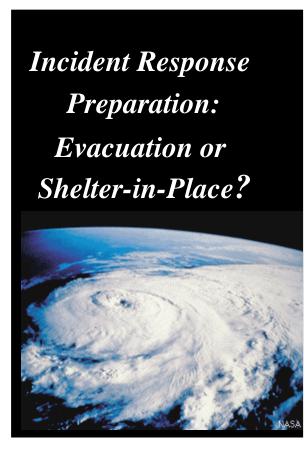
U.S. Department of Energy:

http://www.energy.gov

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: http://www.hhs.gov

U.S. Coast Guard ISC Honolulu





EMERGENCY/WEATHER PHONE NUMBERS

POLICE/FIRE/AMBULANCE. 9-911/911 (off base)
RECORDED INFORMATION: 527-5372

(For current information on weather related or Emergency situations)

Oahu Civil Defense **523-4121** D14 Command Center **541-2500** Sector Command Center **842-2601** ISC Honolulu Security: **226-4170**

HECO Service Center/Dispatch 548-7961

American Red Cross 734-2101

The Gas Company Emergency Service 526-0066

Oahu Forecast 973-4380/1 or 973-5286

Marine Forecast 973-4382

Surf Observations and Forecast 973-4383

Division Muster Contact Number:

PRE-PLANNING

- Prepare a Family evacuation plan.
- Prepare a Family shelter-in-place plan.
- □ Prepare plans for school and work.
- Assemble survival kit for home and office.
- Review your command disaster plan.



WEATHER TERMS

Hurricane Season

(National Weather Service) Hurricane season has been established in the Hawaiian Islands as the period between 01 June and 30 November

Tropical Depression

A cyclone with sustained winds of less than 39 mph.

Tropical Storm

A cyclone with sustained winds from 39 to 73 mph.

Tsunami

A long period wave created by earthquakes or volcanic eruptions. Wave heights may be between 30 and 100 feet or higher. Tsunamis move quickly and can strike Oahu within 24 hours.

Watch

A Tsunami watch is issued by the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center when an earthquake of such intensity has occurred that the creation of a tsunami is possible.

Warning:

A Tsunami warning is issued by the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center when seismographic information indicates that an earthquake of such intensity has occurred that the creation of a tsunami is probable.

HEAVY WEATHER (HURRICANE) CONDITIONS

Condition 5: 1 Jun - Nov 30 - no imminent threat.

Condition 4: Plus 50-knot winds expected within 72 hrs.

Condition 3: Plus 50-knot winds expected within 48 hrs. **Condition 2:** Plus 50-knot winds expected within 24 hrs.

Condition 1: Plus 50-knot winds expected within 12 hrs

HURRICANE CATEGORIES

Hurricane - Cyclone with sustained winds of 74 mph or more.

Category 1 - (Minimal) sustained winds of 74 to 95 mph.

Category 2 - (Moderate) sustained winds of 96 to 110 mph.

Category 3 - (Extensive) sustained winds of 111 to 130 mph. **Category 4** - (Extreme) sustained winds of 131 to 155 mph.

Category 5 - (Catastrophic) A hurricane with sustained winds of 155 mph or more.

WATCH ALERT (36 hrs or less)

Check survival kit. Fill vehicles with gas tank. Cover windows with boards or tape. Secure loose objects on exterior Secure all important documents in plastic bags
and store.
Arrange flashlights, lanterns, candles and
lighters where you can easily find them.
Check prescription medicines; obtain at least a 10-day to two-week supply.
Withdraw cash from the bank.
Check and replenish first aid supplies.
Move electronics away from windows and doors to prevent water damage.

WARNING ALERT (24 hrs or less)

Listen to radio/TV for instructions.
Stay indoors during high winds.
When advised, evacuate to shelter.
12 hrs before the storm, turn refrigerator and
freezer to the highest setting.
Fill up a few gallons of water for drinking and
some for washing, cooking and bathing. Many
residents also fill a bathtub with extra water to
use for flushing the toilet

☐ Park your car in a carport or garage if you have one, or on the leeward side of the house.

EVACUATION:

Follow Civil Defense instructions issued through the Police and Fire Departments, Coast Guard Housing Personnel, and the Emergency Broadcast System. You will not be asked to leave your home unless your life is seriously threatened. Should you receive the word to evacuate, GO! In the event of a natural disaster in which you are directed to evacuate, you should evacuate to the nearest Civil Defense Shelter. Additionally, those residing along ridge lines and in low-lying areas subject to flooding and occupants of lightly constructed buildings should evacuate to more substantial facilities or public shelters.